

As of 29 February 2024

Invesco Bloomberg Commodity Carbon Tilted UCITS ETF

CMOC

Fund objective

The Invesco Bloomberg Commodity Carbon Tilted UCITS ETF aims to track the total return performance of the Bloomberg Commodity Carbon Tilted Index, less the impact of fees.

An investment in this fund is an acquisition of units in a passively managed, index tracking fund rather than in the underlying assets owned by the fund.

ETF information

Fund launch date	26 July 2023
Share class launch date	26 July 2023
Ongoing charge ¹	0.35% p.a.
Swap fee ¹	0.19% p.a.
Fund base currency	USD
Share class currency	USD
Currency hedged	No
Index	Bloomberg Commodity Carbon Tilted Index (USD)
Index currency	USD
Index Bloomberg ticker	BCOMCAT
Replication method	Synthetic
UCITS compliant	Yes
Umbrella fund	Invesco Markets plc
Investment manager	Assenagon Asset Management S.A.
Custodian	Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited
Domicile	Ireland
UK reporting status	Yes
ISA eligible	Yes
SIPP eligible	Yes
Dividend treatment	N/A
ISIN code	IE000CYTPBT0
SEDOL	BNBXN43
Bloomberg ticker	CMOC LN
Fund size	USD 30.78m
NAV per share	USD 4.95
Shares in issue	6,211,500
SFDR Classification	Article 8

Investment risks

For complete information on risks, refer to the legal documents. The value of investments, and any income from them, will fluctuate. This may partly be the result of changes in exchange rates. Investors may not get back the full amount invested. The Fund's ability to track the benchmark's performance is reliant on the counterparties to continuously deliver the performance of the benchmark in line with the swap agreements and would also be affected by any spread between the pricing of the swaps and the pricing of the benchmark. The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as safekeeping of assets or acting as counterparty to derivatives or other instruments, may expose the Fund to financial loss. The fund might purchase securities that are not contained in the reference index and will enter into swap agreements to exchange the performance of those securities for the performance of the reference index. Exposure to commodities might result in the Fund being more impacted by natural disasters and tariffs or other regulatory developments. This may result in large fluctuations in the value of the Fund. The Fund may perform differently to other commodity funds, such as underperforming in comparison to other commodity funds that do not seek to weight commodity futures based on their respective GHG Emissions.

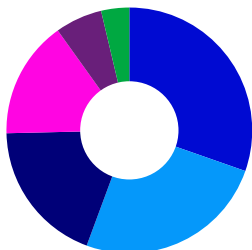
About the index

The Reference Index is a variant of the Bloomberg Commodity Index (the "Parent Index") that comprises the same futures on the same component commodities as the Parent Index and seeks to incorporate a measure of the environmental costs associated with the production of the underlying commodities referenced by each futures contract. To group commodities with comparable production processes, the constituent commodities in the Reference Index are organised into seven groups: industrial metals, precious metals, agriculture derived, agriculture ex-derived, livestock, primary energy and distillates. The Reference Index takes into account the Greenhouse Gas emissions ("GHG Emissions") associated with the production of the underlying commodity (referenced by the commodity futures contracts in the Parent Index) and applies tilting such that the lower GHG emitting commodities relative to their group are overweighted, and the higher GHG emitting commodities are underweighted, when compared to the Parent Index. The application of tilting facilitates a balanced contribution to the aggregate reduction by all groups given the GHG emissions profile of each commodity group varies. The Reference Index is rebalanced on an annual basis.

Invesco Bloomberg Commodity Carbon Tilted UCITS ETF was launched on 26 July 2023. Performance information will be available after 26 July 2024.

¹ Ongoing charge includes management fee, custody and administration costs but excludes transaction costs such as swap costs. The total cost is the sum of the ongoing charge figure and swap fee. Costs may increase or decrease as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations. Consult the legal documents for further information on costs.

Index composition (%)



Energy	30.40
Grains	25.30
Precious metals	19.00
Industrial metals	15.50
Livestock	6.20
Softs	3.70

Source: Invesco, as at **29 Feb 2024**

Top exposures (%)

Name	Weight
Intercontinental Exchange Europe Brent	11.32
Crude Electronic Energy Future	
Commodities Exchange Centre (CEC)	10.60
Gold Composite Commodity Future	
Commodities Exchange Centre (CEC)	8.36
Silver Composite Commodity Future	
CBT Chicago Board of Trade Corn	7.18
Composite Commodity Future	
NYMEX New York Mercantile Exchange	6.73
Light Sweet Crude Oil (WTI) Electronic	
Energy Future	
Commodities Exchange Centre (CEC)	5.43
Copper Composite Commodity Future	
CBT Chicago Board of Trade Soybeans	4.88
Composite Commodity Future	
NYMEX New York Mercantile Exchange	4.60
Henry Hub Natural Gas Electronic	
Energy Future	
CBT Chicago Board of Trade Soybean	4.33
Meal Composite Commodity Future	
LME London Metal Exchange Zinc	4.17
Monthly Pit Commodity Future	

Source: Invesco, as at **29 Feb 2024**

Please see [etf.invesco.com](https://www.invesco.com) for ETP holdings information. Holdings are subject to change.

Important information

This marketing communication is for consumer use in the UK only. This document contains information that is for discussion purposes only.

For information on our funds and the relevant risks, refer to the Key Information Documents/Key Investor Information Documents (local languages) and Prospectus (English, French, German), and the financial reports, available from www.invesco.eu. A summary of investor rights is available in English from www.invescomanagementcompany.ie. The management company may terminate marketing arrangements.

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If investors are unsure if this product is suitable for them, they should seek advice from a financial adviser.

Current tax levels and reliefs may change. Depending on individual circumstances, this may affect investment returns.

UCITS ETF's units / shares purchased on the secondary market cannot usually be sold directly back to UCITS ETF. Investors must buy and sell units / shares on a secondary market with the assistance of an intermediary (e.g. a stockbroker) and may incur fees for doing so. In addition, investors may pay more than the current net asset value when buying units / shares and may receive less than the current net asset value when selling them.

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For the full objectives and investment policy please consult the current prospectus.

Any investment decision should take into account all the characteristics of the fund as described in the legal documents. For sustainability related aspects, please refer to

<https://www.invescomanagementcompany.ie/dub-manco>

This material has been communicated by Invesco Investment Management Limited, Ground Floor, 2 Cumberland Place, Fenian Street, Dublin 2, Ireland.

Glossary

Benchmark: An index against which the ETF is measured, in terms of relative performance, risk and other useful comparisons.

Derivative: Derivatives are financial instruments whose prices are driven by the price shifts or price expectations of another financial instrument, which is called the "underlying". Many derivatives are designed to react disproportionately to shifts in the price of the underlying. Derivatives can be used for both hedging and speculative purposes. The most common derivatives are certificates, options, futures and swaps.

ETF: Exchange traded fund. A type of fund that is traded on the stockmarket like ordinary shares. ETFs can be bought and sold during trading hours, like ordinary shares, whereas other types of funds are priced once a day only.

Futures Contract: An agreement between two parties to sell a certain quantity of goods on pre-determined terms, with delivery and settlement at a later point in time.

Hedged: The intended result of reducing the portfolio's exposure to a specific risk, such as the risk of fluctuations between currency exchange rates ("currency hedging").

ISA: Individual Savings Account. A type of investment account in the UK in which the tax on income is lower than usual, and there is no tax on profits made from an increase in the value of shares.

Replication Method: Strategy employed by the fund to achieve its objective.

SIPP: Self-Invested Pension Plan. A type of UK pension for which a person makes their own investment decisions.

Spot Price: The spot price is the current date's price for securities, currencies, gold or other assets traded on that date. The spot price is in contrast to the futures price (i.e., a future price agreed today).

Swap: A swap is a derivative contract where two parties agree to exchange separate streams of cashflows or returns.

Synthetic Replication: Synthetic funds own a diversified portfolio of equities that may differ from the benchmark index. The ETF contracts with one or more banks (each a counterparty), which agree to pay any difference between the portfolio performance and the index performance, less any applicable fees. These contracts are known as swaps. Using swaps ensures accurate index tracking but introduces counterparty risk: if a counterparty failed to pay the index performance due under the swap contract, the ETF would instead rely on the performance of its portfolio of equities, which could be lower than the index performance. An ETF's exposure to a swap counterparty is limited by the UCITS regulation, and further limited by measures that we impose.

UCITS: Undertakings for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities. European regulatory framework for an investment vehicle that can be marketed across the European Union.

UK Reporting Status: Indicates whether or not the fund has United Kingdom fund tax status, this can lead to a UK investor receiving favourable tax rates on any gain or disposal of holdings in the fund.